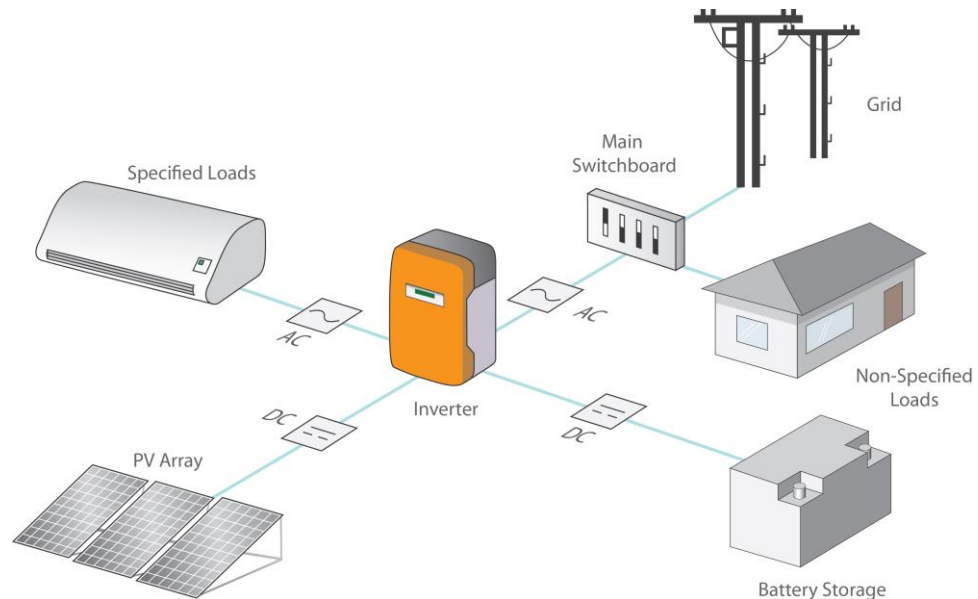


# Determining the required battery capacity for a household/commercial grid connected PV system with batteries

# Overview

- Grid-connected PV systems can be installed with batteries to provide a source of backup power during grid downtime.
- Beneficial for locations that experience short but frequent blackouts.
- No generators, therefore battery bank is the only source of energy.
- Customer should be surveyed about the loads they will be using during grid downtime, or the 'specified load'



# Steps to battery sizing

- Site visit for survey of loads and available space
- Calculate required energy, max demand and surge demand
- Calculate battery capacity required to meet energy, max demand and surge demand
- Match battery required discharge current with product capability

# Sizing a Battery Bank for Back-up

## Site inspection/customer interview

- Ask how long is the backup needed and why?
- Create a Loads survey to find out:
  - Total amount of energy required
  - Surge demand
  - Peak demand

# Site visit and using the Loads Survey Form

Survey form is similar to the offgrid design form, but without weather factor and shorter (for backup loads only)

Site visit is helpful to find out the actual power rating of the appliances described and likely backup energy usage.

Where unsure of appliance behaviour, take photos of label and look up its datasheet. You may also find characteristics of similar appliances online.

When onsite, record columns 2,3, and 4. Column 6 and 8 can be read off labels or be looked up later.

| Appliance                     | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)            | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA)  | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|-------------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Fluorescent Light             | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh   | 1            | 2 x 75 ÷ 1 = 150VA         | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Load #2                       |     |           |                   | No. x Power x Duration |              | No. x Power ÷ Power factor |              | Power factor x Surge factor |
| Load #3                       |     |           |                   |                        |              |                            |              |                             |
| ...                           |     |           |                   |                        |              |                            |              |                             |
| <b>Total energy load (Wh)</b> |     |           |                   |                        |              |                            |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand (VA)</b>    |     |           |                   |                        |              |                            |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b>      |     |           |                   |                        |              |                            |              |                             |

# Example Exercise: Site Survey Form

- A customer who is about to install grid-connected PV system is also looking for a backup battery system for when they have blackouts. They have identified the following list of load for if they need battery backup for up to 6 hours during the evening (6 hours)
- Tips for identifying loads:
  - Need to ask customer to identify only what would be used during backup
  - Fridge and aircon have duty cycles (when compressor is running). Typical values are 30%-50%. In this example, the fridge's cycle is 50%, i.e. for a 6 hours backup, the fridge compressor will be on for 3 hours.

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)          | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh | 1            | 2 x 75 ÷ 1 = 150VA        | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        | 1                 |                      | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       | 3                 |                      | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Television               | 1   | 250       | 3                 |                      | 0.8          |                           | 1.3          |                             |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        | 2                 |                      | 0.8          |                           | 1            |                             |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        | 6                 |                      | 0.8          |                           | 2            |                             |
| Microwave                | 1   | 1200      | 0.5               | 600                  | 0.7          | 1714.3                    | 1.3          | 2228.59                     |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   | 3375Wh               |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |                      |              | 2776.8 VA                 |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |                      |              |                           |              | 3459.84 VA                  |

# Completed Site Survey Form

- A customer who is about to install grid-connected PV system is also looking for a backup battery system for when they have blackouts. They have identified the following list of load for if they need battery backup for up to 6 hours during the evening (6 hours)
- Tips for identifying loads:
  - Need to ask customer to identify only what would be used during backup
  - Fridge and aircon have duty cycles (when compressor is running). Typical values are 30%-50%. In this example, the fridge's cycle is 50%, i.e. for a 6 hours backup, the fridge compressor will be on for 3 hours.

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)          | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh | 1            | 2 x 75 ÷ 1 = 150VA        | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       | 3                 | 450                  | 1            | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Television               | 1   | 250       | 3                 | 750                  | 0.8          | 312.5                     | 1.3          | 406.25                      |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        | 2                 | 240                  | 0.8          | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        | 6                 | 360                  | 0.8          | 75                        | 2            | 150                         |
| Microwave                | 1   | 1200      | 0.5               | 600                  | 0.7          | 1714.3                    | 1.3          | 2228.59                     |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   | 3375Wh               |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |                      |              | 2776.8 VA                 |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |                      |              |                           |              | 3459.84 VA                  |

# System characteristics

- Duration of operation: 6 hours
- Energy required: 3375 Wh
- Maximum demand: 2776.8 VA
- Surge demand: 3459.8 VA

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)          | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh | 1            | 2 x 75 ÷ 1 = 150VA        | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       | 3                 | 450                  | 1            | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Television               | 1   | 250       | 3                 | 750                  | 0.8          | 312.5                     | 1.3          | 406.25                      |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        | 2                 | 240                  | 0.8          | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        | 6                 | 360                  | 0.8          | 75                        | 2            | 150                         |
| Microwave                | 1   | 1200      | 0.5               | 600                  | 0.7          | 1714.3                    | 1.3          | 2228.59                     |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   | 3375Wh               |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |                      |              | 2776.8 VA                 |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |                      |              |                           |              | 3459.84 VA                  |



# Calculate Energy Demand From Battery

- Assume battery inverter/charger efficiency ( $\eta_{INV}$ ) is 90%
- Assume no other losses in the system
- Energy required from the battery is

$$E_{TOT} = E_{AC} \div \eta_{INV}$$

Where:

$E_{TOT}$  = total energy required from battery

$E_{AC}$  = AC energy required from the system

From the example

$$\begin{aligned} E_{TOT} &= 3375 \text{ Wh} \div 0.9 \\ &= 3750 \text{ Wh} \end{aligned}$$

# Calculate Battery Capacity Required

Battery capacity is calculated by the formula

$$\text{Battery Capacity (Ah)} = E_{\text{TOT}} \div (V_{\text{dc}} \times \text{DOD})$$

The battery system voltage  $V_{\text{dc}}$  and battery depth of discharge (DOD) are design choices.

- DOD can vary depending on usage frequency and battery technology
- $V_{\text{dc}}$  depends on power demand. Higher voltage (24V, 48V, etc) should be selected for systems with max demand to reduce current draw

## Example

Assume the system is 12V and DOD value of 0.6 (i.e. 60%).

the design battery capacity required is:

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\text{TOT}} &= 3750 \text{ Wh} \div (12 \times 0.6) \\ &= 520.8 \text{ Ah} \end{aligned}$$

# Calculating Discharge Current

- Discharge current is the amount of current the battery releases as it discharges
- Discharge current varies depending on power draw
- Need to calculate:
  - Maximum discharge current
  - Surge discharge current

- Equation:

$$\text{Discharge current (A)} = \text{Demand (VA)} \div (V_{dc} \times \eta_{INV})$$

# Calculate Maximum Discharge Current

From survey form:

- Maximum demand: 2776.8 VA
- Surge demand: 3459.8 VA

Design spec

- $V_{dc} = 12V$
- $\eta_{INV} = 90\%$

Therefore

Maximum discharge current

$$= 2776.8 \text{ VA} \div (12V \times 0.9)$$

$$= 257.1 \text{ A}$$

Discharge current is too high! Increase system voltage to 24V and redesign system.

# Calculate Maximum Discharge Current

From survey form:

- Maximum demand: 2776.8 VA
- Surge demand: 3459.8 VA

Design spec

- $V_{dc} = 24V$
- $\eta_{INV} = 90\%$

Therefore

Maximum discharge current

$$= 2776.8 \text{ VA} \div (24V \times 0.9)$$
$$= 128.6 \text{ A}$$

Surge discharge current

$$= 3459.8 \text{ VA} \div (24V \times 0.9)$$
$$= 160.2 \text{ A}$$

# Sizing Batteries to load

- Designer must consult with battery manufacturer that chosen battery is capable of meeting maximum and surge demand.
- Maximum discharge, based on the continuous rating of the inverter, should be less than or equal to the 5 hour ( $C_5$ ) discharge rate current,
- Maximum surge discharge, based on the surge rating of the inverter, should be less than or equal to the 1 hour ( $C_1$ ) discharge rate current,

# Battery Capacity rating

- Battery capacity is related to its discharge rate. The higher the discharge current, the smaller the capacity
- The capacity rating is commonly described with the annotation “ $C_x$ ” and given in Amp-hour (Ah).
- $C_x$  rating = discharge current  $\times$  number of hours ( $x$ ) the battery can provide this current
- Therefore: Discharge current of battery =  $C_x$  rating  $\div$  number of hours ( $x$ ) the battery can provide this current

Example:

A battery with  $C_{10}$  rating of 200Ah can provide 20Amp discharge current for 10 hours

$$\text{Discharge current (A)} = 200\text{Ah}/10\text{h} = 20\text{A}$$

# Battery Discharge Rate

- Battery capacity needs to meet max demand current at  $C_5$  and surge demand current at  $C_1$ 
  - Maximum demand current = 128.6 A
  - $C_5$  rating required to meet max demand
    - =  $128.6\text{A} \times 5\text{ h}$
    - = 642.8Ah
  - Surge demand current = 160.2 A
  - $C_1$  rating required to meet surge demand
    - =  $160.2\text{A} \times 1\text{ h}$
    - = 160.2A



# Selecting a Battery Model

From previous slide

- $C_5$  rating required to meet max demand: 642.8Ah
- $C_1$  rating required to meet surge demand: 160.7 A

Suitable model: A602/1130 (2V cells)

Number of cells required = 12 cells

Capacities  $C_1 - C_{120}$  (20 °C) in Ah

| Type             | $C_1$<br>1.67 Vpc | $C_3$<br>1.75 Vpc | $C_5$<br>1.77 Vpc | $C_{10}$<br>1.80 Vpc | $C_{24}$<br>1.80 Vpc | $C_{48}$<br>1.80 Vpc | $C_{72}$<br>1.80 Vpc | $C_{100}$<br>1.85 Vpc | $C_{120}$<br>1.85 Vpc |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| A602/295 SOLAR   | 124               | 167               | 193               | 217                  | 248                  | 273                  | 289                  | 285                   | 294                   |
| A602/370 SOLAR   | 155               | 209               | 241               | 272                  | 310                  | 342                  | 362                  | 357                   | 367                   |
| A602/440 SOLAR   | 186               | 251               | 289               | 326                  | 372                  | 410                  | 434                  | 428                   | 440                   |
| A602/520 SOLAR   | 229               | 307               | 342               | 379                  | 435                  | 471                  | 503                  | 505                   | 519                   |
| A602/625 SOLAR   | 275               | 369               | 410               | 455                  | 523                  | 565                  | 604                  | 606                   | 623                   |
| A602/750 SOLAR   | 321               | 431               | 479               | 531                  | 610                  | 659                  | 705                  | 707                   | 727                   |
| A602/850 SOLAR   | 368               | 520               | 614               | 681                  | 729                  | 782                  | 827                  | 822                   | 845                   |
| A602/1130 SOLAR  | 491               | 694               | 818               | 908                  | 973                  | 1043                 | 1102                 | 1096                  | 1126                  |
| A602/1415 SOLAR  | 614               | 867               | 1023              | 1135                 | 1216                 | 1304                 | 1378                 | 1370                  | 1408                  |
| A602/1695 SOLAR  | 737               | 1041              | 1228              | 1362                 | 1459                 | 1565                 | 1654                 | 1644                  | 1689                  |
| A602/1960C SOLAR | 867               | 1222              | 1371              | 1593                 | 1803                 | 1942                 | 2016                 | 1957                  | 1994                  |
| A602/2600 SOLAR  | 1047              | 1548              | 1782              | 2024                 | 2276                 | 2472                 | 2599                 | 2547                  | 2613                  |
| A602/3270 SOLAR  | 1309              | 1935              | 2227              | 2530                 | 2846                 | 3090                 | 3249                 | 3184                  | 3266                  |
| A602/3920 SOLAR  | 1571              | 2322              | 2673              | 3036                 | 3415                 | 3708                 | 3899                 | 3821                  | 3919                  |

# Discussion: Battery Size and Energy Efficiency

- Battery is oversized due to microwave driving up demand.
  - Battery can be reduced if customer promise to not use microwave (or other energy intensive loads)during blackout
- Energy efficiency
  - Battery can be further reduced if lights were swapped out with energy efficient model
  - Good time for client to think about appliance upgrade, which is cheaper than big battery bank

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)          | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh | 1            | 2 x 75÷1 = 150VA          | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       | 3                 | 450                  | 1            | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Television               | 1   | 250       | 3                 | 750                  | 0.8          | 312.5                     | 1.3          | 406.25                      |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        | 2                 | 240                  | 0.8          | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        | 6                 | 360                  | 0.8          | 75                        | 2            | 150                         |
| <b>Microwave</b>         | 1   | 1200      | 0.5               | 600                  | 0.7          | 1714.3                    | 1.3          | 2228.59                     |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   | 3375Wh               |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |                      |              | 2776.8 VA                 |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |                      |              |                           |              | 3459.84 VA                  |

# Discussion: Max demand and staggering load

- Battery size can be reduced if not all loads are on at the same time
  - E.g. Client to not turn on lounge lights while bedroom lights are on
  - TV to be off while laptop is being charged
  - Etc...

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh)          | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        | 5                 | 2 x 75W x 5h = 750Wh | 1            | 2 x 75 ÷ 1 = 150VA        | 1            | 150VA x 1 = 150VA           |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        | 1                 | 75                   | 1            | 75                        | 1            | 75                          |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       | 3                 | 450                  | 1            | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Television               | 1   | 250       | 3                 | 750                  | 0.8          | 312.5                     | 1.3          | 406.25                      |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        | 2                 | 240                  | 0.8          | 150                       | 1            | 150                         |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        | 6                 | 360                  | 0.8          | 75                        | 2            | 150                         |
| Microwave                | 1   | 1200      | 0.5               | 600                  | 0.7          | 1714.3                    | 1.3          | 2228.59                     |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   | 3375Wh               |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |                      |              | 2776.8 VA                 |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |                      |              |                           |              | 3459.84 VA                  |

# Discussion: Runtime variation

- What might the load list look like if it's for a 4 hour backup? Do all the appliance need to be on there?

| Appliance                | No. | Power (W) | Usage time (hour) | Energy (Wh) | Power factor | Potential max demand (VA) | Surge factor | Potential surge demand (VA) |
|--------------------------|-----|-----------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|
| Lounge room lights       | 2   | 75        |                   |             | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Bedroom 1 lights         | 1   | 75        |                   |             | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Bedroom 2 lights         | 1   | 75        |                   |             | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Bathroom lights          | 1   | 75        |                   |             | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Fridge                   | 1   | 150       |                   |             | 1            |                           | 1            |                             |
| Television               | 1   | 250       |                   |             | 0.8          |                           | 1.3          |                             |
| Laptop computer          | 2   | 60        |                   |             | 0.8          |                           | 1            |                             |
| Pedestal fan             | 1   | 60        |                   |             | 0.8          |                           | 2            |                             |
| Microwave                | 1   | 1200      |                   |             | 0.7          |                           | 1.3          |                             |
| <b>Total energy load</b> |     |           |                   |             |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Maximum demand</b>    |     |           |                   |             |              |                           |              |                             |
| <b>Surge demand (VA)</b> |     |           |                   |             |              |                           |              |                             |

# Questions?



The End

